Owner's Manual

Charisma

8-channel Tube Processor

Model 9527



SOUND PERFORMANCE LAB



SOUND PERFORMANCE LAB

CHARISMA Owner's Manual English

by Hermann Gier version 2.1 – 04/1997

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Foreword

Contents

Dear customer,

Thank you for the confidence you have shown towards SPL electronics GmbH by purchasing the SPL Charisma. You have decided to use a tool of high performance which sets you in the position to have faster success and a better sound quality in your music productions. As a typical SPL unit the Charisma combines exemplary specifications and high manufacturing standard with excellent sound quality to provide you a precious component for studio purposes.

Please read this manual carefully to ensure you have all the information you need to use the CHARISMA.

We wish you every success with your new CHARISMA.

Your Sound Performance Lab-Team

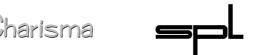
I would like to start with my thanks to all our staff, who created what is to be described here. The importance of their exceptional qualification and talents cannot be overestimated.

A very special "thank you" goes to Manfred Reckmeyer, whose longterm experience in tube technology including custom modifications of tube gear for many artists made this product possible.

Our products are often tested and compared in many publications and by our customers themselfs and constantly valued with best results. I would like to pass on this broad appreciation to those, who deserve it — my excellent colleagues.

Hermann Gier

Thanks



Introduction

CHARISMA is a 8-channel tube processor designed to improve the power, punch, dynamics and the subjective loudness of the signal being processed. Designed to introduce a subjective tonal warmth and a smooth bottom end into digitally recorded material.

CHARISMA represents a solution that far exceeds the mere simulation of tape saturation. CHARISMA's tube saturation characteristics can be fully controlled by the user. The concept of operation is simple. Each CHARISMA channel has three potentiometers: Drive sets the drive level to the tubes, CHARISMA adjusts the tube saturation characteristic, and Output sets the output signal level.

CHARISMA also helps to prevent overload and clip on the recorded tracks (Alesis Adat, Tascam DA 88, ..., Session 8, ProTools, or any other recording medium digital or analogue) You should use CHARISMA while recording before your digital recorder in order to clip-protect your recording (e. g. limiting peaks from live-recorded drums or reducing sharp "esses" from vocals). Your signals gain more clarity, transparency and presence. Each part of the mix, instrument or vocal can easier be distinguished and located. Using CHARISMA on single instruments alone lets the signal stand out in a busy mix. CHARISMA also helps you to place vocals in a densed playback by maintaining their presence.

We will start with general safety hints, followed by the connections on the rear panel. We then take a look at the controls on the front and go on with practicals tips for the usage of Charisma.

Operation safety



The housing of CHARISMA has the standard 19"-EIA format and occupies 2U (88 mm) in your rack. When installing the unit in a 19"-rack, the rear side of the unit needs some support, especially in a touring case.

CHARISMA should not be installed near units which produce strong magnetic fields or extreme heat. Do not install CHARISMA directly above or below power amplifiers or digital processors. This eliminates problems which could result from interfering high-frequencies such as clock frequencies, MIDI or SMPTE control signals.

Check that the voltage details quoted on the back panel are the same as your local mains electricity supply. Use a minus (-) screwdriver to set the voltage for the area in which the unit will be used. Never cover up the ventilation slots on the top of the unit. If, during operation, the sound is interrupted or indicators no longer illuminate, or if abnormal odor or smoke is detected, or if liquids are spilled on the unit, immediately disconnect the power cord plug and contact your dealer.

Only clean your CHARISMA with a soft, lint-free cloth. Use only standard cleaning agents.



Connections



CHARISMA is equipped with balanced Neutrik TRS stereo jacks for both inputs and outputs. The input and output stages make use of the modern SSM precision balancing stages which offer a common mode rejection better than 87dB.

The pin-wiring of the stereo-jacks is:

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Tip} & = & \text{hot (+)} \\ \text{Ring} & = & \text{cold (-)} \\ \text{Sleeve} & = & \text{GND} \end{array}$

Pin wiring: stereo-jack plug
Tip=Hot (+) Ring=Cold (-) Sleeve=GND

Should the need arise to use the jack connectors in an unbalanced system, the ring of the jacks of both the input and output connectors should be grounded. CHARISMA uses the SSM 2141 and SSM 2142 balancing drivers and can be operated unbalanced without change in level.

A simple method to operate CHARISMA unbalanced is to use mono-jack plugs for the jack connectors.

CHARISMA also offers you a solution to drive your digital 8-track system with high quality balancing. Sadly enough many digital 8-track recorders do not offer good balancing stages. Their common mode rejection (CCMR) sometimes does not even climb to 45 dB. If the connecting distance from your mixer to the multitrack recorder exceeds 1,5m, it is wise to connect CHARISMA in between the mixer and the recorder. Place CHARISMA right underneath the recorder and run all wires from the mixer to CHARISMA balanced (stereo-jacks), while the connections from CHARISMA to the recorder is unbalanced (mono-jacks).

CHARISMA offers a solution for a high quality balanced signal path between mixer and digital recording systems.

Other rear panel connections and switches:

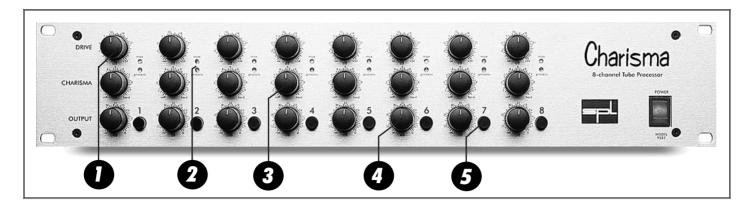
- Voltage selector: 220-240V/50Hz or 100-120V/60Hz
- CSA/UL approved 3-pole power plug with filter
- GND-Lift switch

Included in the packaging are:

- 3-wire, U-ground, power cord
- Owner's Manual
- Warranty card
- SPL catalogue



Control elements



Drive

0

Setting the drive level to the tubes

The DRIVE control sets the drive level to the tubes. DRIVE values can be adjusted between -oo dB and +24 dB.

You have control over the tube's onset of saturation to find the optimum point of processing. The higher the DRIVE, the more tube harmonics are being generated. At the same time, limiting gets stronger, increasing the density of the tube distortion.

Start off with the DRIVE set at OdB. Now the input level is equivalent to the level driving the tube electronics. When you increase the value, you will get a more intense tube processing and the output volume rises. To compensate this use the OUTPUT control (4).

Max/Process LEDs



PROCESS = processing starts
MAX = max. saturation

The PROCESS LED illuminates when CHARISMA starts its tube processing. The tubes are starting to generate their typical sound and harmonical structure.

The Max LED indicates that the processing has reached its maximum position. Now the tube is fully saturated and the typical limiting effect occurs. Increasing the DRIVE results in more tube distortion.

– with snare or kick drum you can use heavy distortion (MAX LED illuminates)

Examples:

 - with layer sounds you should be very careful!
 Only use very little distortion if any (PROCESS LED rarely) IMPORTANT: When you start to process a sound with heavy transients and attack, like snare or kick drum, you can drive the tubes into heavy saturation before you start to hear the tube's distortion. When the PROCESS LED starts to illuminate you hardly hear a difference. When driving the tubes into heavier distortion the Max LED illuminates frequently and the tube distortion is becoming audible. On the other hand, when you want to process layer sounds or almost sinewave-like sounds you will sometimes hear the tube's distortion even before the PROCESS LED illuminates. So, you have to set the DRIVE level depending on the character of the sound you want to process. Our hearing starts to hear overtones on sinewave-like signal immediately, whereas squarewave-like sounds can be heavily distrorted before the additional harmonics are perceived.

Note: Do not set the DRIVE controls to identical settings and expect the tubes to act identical when different input signals are present.



This unique control varies the tube sound and allows you to create varying sound characteristics from SOFT to HARD.

Creating different tube sounds results in varying harmonical structures and adjustments in the SOFT control range bring in the harmonical distortion and the tube limiting very slowly (you can compare this with the soft-knee characteristic of a limiter). In comparison to the HARD control range the SOFT effect starts off at relatively low levels. The sound becomes smooth and warm, is a little softer, and contains more harmonic distortion than the HARD sound.

In the HARD control range CHARISMA operates comparable to the hard-knee characteristic of a limiter. The processing starts with full effect at one point whereupon the signal is sharply limited, and at this point, the sound becomes punchy and crispy.

Depending on the selected characteristic and intensities, a readjustment of the DRIVE control may further emphasize the desired effect.

Charisma

Selecting the sound character of the tube processing

The OUTPUT control sets each channel's output gain to compensate for the level increase when the DRIVE control has added level to drive the tube circuitry.

Use a peak meter to set the OUTPUT level correctly. If you insert the Charisma on your console or patchbay without having control over the peak level you will end up with less peak level although the loudness is the same. This is because of the limiting effect of the tubes. Charisma is designed to increase loudness by maintaining the same peak level and to improve bit resolution on digital recording systems.

4

Output

The bypass switch switches each CHARISMA channel in and out of processing (hard-bypass), and the bypass switch is labelled according to channel number.

5

Bypass

CHARISMA can be used everywhere, where audio signals might benefit from the excellent tube sound. The CHARISMA concept is ideal for use in conjunction with digital multitrack or hard-disk recorder systems, but it can equally be used with analogue tape or DASH machines.

Making use of the typical tube harmonics and saturation sounds, as well as the natural tube limiting effect, while recording, is of benefit to almost any signal – indeed there's almost no limit to the applications. The sonic implications can best be characterized as gaining more presence, punch, and warmth.

In the MIDI studio, CHARISMA is ideal for processing single tracks such as keyboard or sampler sounds as well as vocals. In this application, the CHARISMA is inserted into the mixer's channels inserts or directly between the source and the desk.

The most flexible way to use CHARISMA in the studio is to wire it

Applications

into the patchbay. That way you can decide, whether it should be used while recording or later during mixdown — or simply inserted into specific channels. Processing subgroups is another interesting application. Using Charisma while recording to digital is the most beneficial application as the tube limiting prevents clipping.

Normal processing

Creating effects like tape saturation, lncreasing loudness, lmproving presence.

You control the sound of Charisma with the Drive and Charisma controls. The Output control is used to compensate for the level increase when the Drive control is set higher than OdB.

Set-up positions

Starting positions:

Set the Drive to zero and Charisma to center position. Set the Output control fully clockwise (OdB).

Input and output levels should be identical now. Check this by depressing the bypass switch, labeled with the channel number.

Getting started

Turn the DRIVE control slowly clockwise. You start to drive the tube into saturation. The level increases. Compensate this by turning the OUTPUT control counter clockwise.

The PROCESS LED illuminates when the processing starts. Depending on the source characteristic you will hear the Charleman process much more intense with sinewave-like/layer sounds. When processing these sounds the Process LED should illuminate rarely. When processing squarewave-like/transient sounds you can drive the tubes harder. The Process LED may illuminate constantly and the Max LED may also light up frequently. The Max LED tells you that the maximum saturation of the tube is reached.

Now, check the level meters on your playing and recording unit and set the OUTPUT controls in a way that identical levels are shown on both units. Switching on CHARISMA's channels will give the aural impression that the processed signal is louder than the unprocessed. If this effect is not impressive enough, turn the DRIVE control a little further clockwise.

After setting the DRIVE control, start to vary the CHARISMA control. This control varies the tube sound from HARD to SOFT.

In the SOFT position the processing curve looks similar to that of a soft-knee limiter curve. The tube processing comes in softly with a gently rounded curve, whereas in the HARD position the programme material is treated more dramatic. This can be compared with the processing curve of a hard-knee limiter.

A specific CHARISMA control setting may make it necessary to readjust the DRIVE control. If you use a SOFT setting, the proces-



sing starts earlier, which means you can hear the effect already at lower DRIVE levels in comparison to HARD settings. A medium DRIVE level may already be sufficient to drive the tubes hard enough.

In a HARD setting you will find yourself using higher DRIVE levels, because the processing starts later than in a SOFT setting, but it is very efficient immediately.

When recording to a digital media it is essential to avoid dipping and the tube limiting is a great tool for this purpose. Critical peaks are smoothed resulting in increased subjective loudness while controlling the electrical level.

Traditionally, drums have been recorded to analogue tape — even digital drum tracks are frequently copied to analogue tape purely to capture the sound of tape saturation. With Charisma, you can achieve the same analogue warmth, punch and power without the inconvenience or noise of an analogue tape machine. Even sampled drums really start to sound much more like real drums.

Choose an extreme HARD setting (fully clockwise) for kick drums or snares. You effectively prevent clips on your digital recorder while you also have control about the kick of the bass drum or the ounch of the snare. It is interesting to use CHARISMA on room tracks when recording live drums. Choose a SOFT setting with a high DRIVE level. This will open up your drum room.

Acoustic guitars benefit from the CHARISMA effect with improved transparency and clarity, yet the recorded instrument retains the same liveliness and character as the original. Electronic basses become better focused, or you can add just a hint of deliberate distortion to help make them stand out in a busy mix.

When recording vocals, the CHARISMA allows the voice to stand out in the mix without increasing the actual level — any good studio mic effectively becomes a valve mic. Intelligibility is greatly enhanced by the tube harmonics, and you can even make a clean voice sound smoky by driving the CHARISMA a little harder. That's something a tube mic doesn't allow you to do.

It is often a good trick to use a compressor before the Charisma when processing vocals. This will help you finding an appropriate DRIVE level.

Producers of dancefloor/trance/ambient music will find Charisma a remarkable creative tool for distorting bass drums, snare- and lead sounds absolutely free from noise and hum – a clear advantage over the guitar-preamps. Even original 303/808 bass and drum sounds gain additional kick and authority. Charisma lets you produce really 'in your face' sounds.

Tip offs

Avoiding clipping when recording digital.

Capturing the sound of analogue for digitally recorded drums.

Controlling the kick of the bass drum and the ounch of the snare.

Improving drum room sound.

Making acoustic guitars and electronics basses stand out in busy mix.

Giving extra charisma to vocals. Improving intelligibility.

Making a tube mic out of your standard mic.

Creating heavily distorted 'in your face' sounds.



Extreme Processing

Tip offs

Power Supply

Creating rough sounds, Creating new harmonics, Processing synth sounds.

CHARISMA can be used with extreme settings: For example, set the DRIVE maximum and create richest Hammond organ sound. Give clean guitars more bite or even softly distort them, or make vocals rough and dirty.

You can run your favorite samples and synth sounds through Charisma and give them the final edge. Give your TB 303 clone the bite of the original 303. By widening the harmonical spectrum you have unlimited possibilities to boost and refreshen synth sounds or create new ones.

Special care has gone into the design of the power supply of the CHARISMA. The power supply is the heart of an electronic system: The better it is, the better the whole system works and —in an audio system— the better it sounds.

This power supply is based around a custom made 15VA toroidal transformer and is designed to minimize induced hum and noise due to the non existence of an air-gap. All required voltages (230 V, 6.3 V and 2x15 V) have an individual wiring in the transformer and are smoothened separately afterwords.

The primary voltage may be selected between $230\,\text{V}/50\,\text{Hz}$ and $115\,\text{V}/60\,\text{Hz}$ by means of a recessed slide switch on the rear panel.

The rear panel ground-lift switch may be used where ground loops are causing hum problems. When the GND LIFT switch is set to off, the circuit ground is no longer connected to the chassis ground. The power cord connector is a 3-wire, U-ground, standard IEC mains connector for a detachable power cord (enclosed).

Transformer, power cord and mains connector have VDE, UL and CSA approvals. The fuse has a value of 400 mA for the primary voltage when operated at $230\,\text{V}/50\,\text{Hz}$. At $115\,\text{V}/60\,\text{Hz}$ the fuse value for the primary voltage is $800\,\text{mA}$.

On the secondary side of the power supply, an RC combination is used to filter out noise and hum voltages from the mains side. Both half-waves are smoothed with $2000\,\mu\text{F}$ capacitors in the positive and negative voltage path. Both pathes use precision voltage regulators, as deviations of only a few millivolts can result in audible changes such as a diffuse sound pattern.

The operational voltage of the tubes (250 V) is heavily smoothened and electronically regulated. The heating voltage (6.3 V) is supplied by an individuell wiring within the transformer. So-called "hum-trimmers" adjust the tubes' heating voltage and minimize the hum voltages.

All relays are operated via an individuel voltage regulator and are therefore separated from the audio operating voltage.



Input & output stages

Specifications

Instrumentation amplifier, electronically balanced (differential) transformerless

Jack type Neutrik TRS
Nominal input level +6dB

Input impedance = 220 kOhms
Output impedance < 600 Ohms
Max. input level +24dBu

Reference level variable (Drive)
Minimum load ohms 600 Ohms

Hard bypass switch yes

Measurements

Frequency Response 30 Hz - 40 kHz

(40 kHz = -3 dB)

CCMR -87 dBu @100 Hz (common mode rejection) -80 dBu @1 kHz

-75 dBu @15 kHz

THD & N 0,41% @1 kHz (total harmonic distortion & noise) K2 max. 35%

S/N CCIR 468-2 -89dBu

Power Supply

Toroidal transformer 50 VA

Fuse 1000 mA (230V/50Hz)

800 mA (115V/60Hz)

Ground lift switch yes Voltage selector yes

Dimensions

Housing Standard EIA 19"/2U

482 x 44 x 237mm

Weight 4 kg

Subject to change without notice.

Warranty

SPL electronics GmbH (hereafter called SPL) products are warranted only in the country where purchased, through the authorized SPL distributor in that country, against defects in material or workmanship. The specific period of this limited warranty shall be that which is described to the original retail purchaser by the authorized SPL dealer or distributor at the time of purchase.

SPL does not, however, warrant its products against any and all defects:

1) arising out of materials or workmanship not provided or furnished by SPL, or 2) resulting from abnormal use of the product or use in violation of instructions, or 3) in products repaired or serviced by other than authorized SPL repair facilities, or 4) in products with removed or defaced serial numbers, or 5) in components or parts or products expressly warranted by another manufacturer.

SPL agrees, through the applicable authorized distributor, to repair or replace defects covered by this limited warranty with parts or products of original or improved design, at its option in each respect, if the defective product is shipped prior to the end of the warranty period to the designated authorized SPL warranty repair facility in the country where purchased, or to the SPL factory in Germany, in the original packaging or a replacement supplied by SPL, with all transportation costs and full insurance paid each way by the purchaser or owner.

All remedies and the measure of damages are limited to the above services. It is possible that economic loss or injury to person or property may result from the failure of the product; however, even if SPL has been advised of this possibility, this limited warranty does not cover any such consequential or incidental damages. Some states or countries do not allow the limitations or exclusion of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

Any and all warranties, express or implied, arising by law, course of dealing, course of performance, usage of trade, or otherwise, including but not limited to implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for particular, are limited to a period of 1 (one) year from either the date of manufacture. Some states or countries do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state, country to country.

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